

## **Sterile Air for the Food Industry**

Parker Balston Filters Eliminate Food Contamination with Benchmarked Good Manufacturing Practices aerospace climate control electromechanical filtration fluid & gas handling hydraulics pneumatics process control sealing & shielding



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We continue to grow with our customers by creating application-focused products and system solutions. A key to our global expansion has been to follow our customers and establish operations, sales and service wherever they are needed. No single competitor matches Parker's global presence.

## Parker's Motion and Control Technologies

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Corporate Headquarters in Cleveland, Ohio.

Aerospace	Hydraulics
Climate Control	Pneumatics
Electromechanical	Process Control
Filtration	Sealing & Shielding
Fluid & Gas Handling	

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# **Sterile Air for the Food Industry**

## Safeguarding the Process

Ensuring the safety of food by reducing the risk of contamination is no small task in a food plant. Understanding the potential sources of the contamination can require a lot of detective work. Parker Balston can provide peace-of-mind where compressed air contacts the food by removing all microbial contamination from the air stream.

## **Know the Potential Risks**

Air is not as clean as it appears to be. Untreated compressed air contains many potentially harmful or dangerous contaminants which must be removed or reduced to acceptable levels in order to protect the consumer and provide a safe and cost effective production facility. Along with moisture and particulate matter, inlet air to a compressor generally carries 5 to 50 bacteria per ft<sup>3</sup>. A 75hp compressor with a capacity of 300 SCFM therefore takes in 100,000 to 1 million bacteria each hour. These bacteria get compressed along with the air and begin their journey through the compressed air system. Introducing this type of microbial contamination to food products is very risky and would be considered a lack of control by the facility. Understanding how to operationalize the treatment of compressed air in a facility will help ward off that risk.

## Managing the Risks

Compressor room drying and filtration is good, but it's not enough for a food processing plant. System filtration can do a good job reducing the amount of contaminants that are introduced into the downstream distribution system; however, that alone does not meet the requirements of the published GMPs that address compressed air - nor is it fully effective. In this scenario the risk of food adulteration is still quite high. The warm, oxygen rich environment inside the downstream air reservoirs. piping, fittings, and controls are ideal harborage sites for microbial biofilm growth - especially when fed with food grade compressor oils that inevitably migrate downstream. For this reason a number of the published GMPs call for point-of-use filtration that should be in place for all points where compressed air either directly or indirectly contacts food.

The first line of defense to ward off potential microbial contamination of the food product from compressed air is to use point-of-use sterile air filtration. With a properly designed compressed air system employing the benchmarked GMPs (outlined later in this document) along with welldesigned SSOP (Sanitation Standard **Operating Procedure**) maintenance and monitoring programs – the risk associated with compressed air at points of contact can be mitigated significantly. A system design employing sterile air filtration at point-ofuse puts a physical barrier in the air stream guarding against microbial contamination of the food. Combining this system design with a HACCP Prerequisite Program (PRP) formalizing these GMPs and SSOPs makes a cost effective, efficient, and defensible risk management plan.

## Ready-to-Eat Foods (RTE)

RTE foods are at high risk of contamination from sources such as compressed air. Any microbial contamination introduced in the later stages of RTE food processing can stay with the food all the way to the consumer, as few hurdles or barriers are generally in place to eliminate the hazards.





# Good Manufacturing Practices – Industry Standards Benchmarked

Identifying the risk and potential hazards with compressed air in a food plant is the easy part. Determining Good Manufacturing Practices for cleaning up the air is not so straight-forward.

The established, published, and sanc-

tioned Good Manufacturing Practices that relate to compressed air used in a food processing facility are listed below:

## **Benchmarking of Compressed Air GMPs**

Good Manufacturing Practices - Compressed Air in Food Plant	Dew Point	Oil Removal	Particulate Removal (includes microbiological particles)	Efficiency	Location of Filtration	
DA Code of Federal Regulations Fitle 21CFR, Part 110.40 (g) <sup>1</sup>			or equipment shall b	nanically introduced into food or used t e treated in such a way that food is not ful indirect food additives.		
DA Guidance RTE foods <sup>2</sup>			0.3 Micron			
FDA and the FSMA <sup>12</sup> Food Safety Modernization Act)		air. It primaril a risk-bas	y requires companies ed (HACCP-like) food	ific regulations related to compressed s under FDA jurisdiction to employ s safety management scheme.	Point of use	
3-A Standard 604-05-3A <sup>3</sup>		P		sterile air): 99.999% <sup>10</sup>		
Section: D6.6.1			All other	r: 99% <sup>10</sup>	7	
Britsh Compressed Air Society (BCAS) <sup>4</sup> Section 6	-40° F/C	< 0.01 mg/m³	0.1 - 0.5 Micron			
British Retail Consortium (BRC) <sup>9</sup>		Compre	ssed air used directly	in contact with the product shall be fil	ltered.	
Safe Quality Foods (SQF) 7.1 edition <sup>5</sup> . Section(s): 9.5.7; 10.5.7; <b>11.5.7</b> ; 13.5.4		Compressed air u	sed in the manufactu	iring process shall be clean and presen safety.	t no risk to food	
SQF Guidance Document for Module 11 May 2013			0.01 Micron	99.999%	Point of use	
nternational Featured Standards (IFS) version 6 <sup>6</sup> . Section 4.9.10.2	Comprosced air shall not nose a risk of contamination					
Clobal Rad Most Standard (CRMC) <sup>7</sup>	Hazards relevant to food safety shall be controlled in critical control points (					
Global Red Meat Standard (GRMS)'	ISO22000:200	5 := Prerequisite Pro		GMP measures. place to address supplies of air (Sectior	n 7.2.3.C)	
SO 22000:2005 <sup>8</sup> + Prerequisite Program (PRP) like BSI PAS 220:2008 <sup>11</sup> )	BSI PAS 220:20 so as to preve specified. Fil	008 Section 6.5 := (S ent contamination. tration of the air sh	ograms should be in p ummarized) Compre Requirments for filtr. ould be as close to th	place to address supplies of air (Sectior ssed air systems shall be constructed a ation, microbilogy, and humidity (RH% e point of use as is practicable.	nd maintained ) shall be	
SO 22000:2005 <sup>8</sup> + Prerequisite Program (PRP)	BSI PAS 220:20 so as to preve specified. Fil	008 Section 6.5 := (S ent contamination.	ograms should be in p ummarized) Compre Requirments for filtr	place to address supplies of air (Sectior ssed air systems shall be constructed a ation, microbilogy, and humidity (RH%	nd maintained	
SO 22000:2005 <sup>8</sup> + Prerequisite Program (PRP) like BSI PAS 220:2008 <sup>11</sup> )	BSI PAS 220:20 so as to preve specified. Fil	008 Section 6.5 := (S ent contamination. tration of the air sh	ograms should be in p ummarized) Compre Requirments for filtr. ould be as close to th	place to address supplies of air (Sectior ssed air systems shall be constructed a ation, microbilogy, and humidity (RH% e point of use as is practicable.	nd maintained ) shall be	
SO 22000:2005 <sup>8</sup> + Prerequisite Program (PRP) like BSI PAS 220:2008 <sup>11</sup> ) Most discriminating filtration standard	BSI PAS 220:20 so as to preve specified. Fil	008 Section 6.5 := (S ent contamination. tration of the air sh	ograms should be in p ummarized) Compre Requirments for filtr. ould be as close to th	place to address supplies of air (Sectior ssed air systems shall be constructed a ation, microbilogy, and humidity (RH% e point of use as is practicable.	nd maintained ) shall be	
SO 22000:2005 <sup>8</sup> + Prerequisite Program (PRP) like BSI PAS 220:2008 <sup>11</sup> )	BSI PAS 220:21 so as to preve specified. Fil	008 Section 6.5 := (S ent contamination. tration of the air sho < 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ograms should be in p ummarized) Compre Requirments for filtr. ould be as close to th 0.01 Micron	place to address supplies of air (Section ssed air systems shall be constructed a ation, microbilogy, and humidity (RH% e point of use as is practicable. Point of Use-Contact: 99.999%	nd maintained ) shall be	
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SO 22000:2005 <sup>8</sup> + Prerequisite Program (PRP) like BSI PAS 220:2008 <sup>11</sup> ) Most discriminating filtration standard Balston Product Spec. Applications: Washdown	BSI PAS 220:21 so as to preve specified. Fil Element> Stage>	008 Section 6.5 := (S ent contamination. tration of the air sho < 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> BX Stage 2	pgrams should be in p ummarized) Compre- Requirments for filtr. ould be as close to th 0.01 Micron DX DX Stage 1 ries er Systems	olace to address supplies of air (Section ssed air systems shall be constructed a ation, microbilogy, and humidity (RH% e point of use as is practicable. Point of Use-Contact: 99.999%	nd maintained ) shall be	
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SO 22000:2005 <sup>8</sup> + Prerequisite Program (PRP) like BSI PAS 220:2008 <sup>11</sup> ) Most discriminating filtration standard Balston Product Spec. Applications: Washdown and/or	BSI PAS 220:21 so as to preve specified. Fil Element> Stage>	008 Section 6.5 := (S ent contamination. tration of the air she < 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> BX BX Stage 2 Balston 6000 Sec Stage Sterile Air Filto BX + DX + SA	ograms should be in p ummarized) Compre Requirments for filtr. ould be as close to th 0.01 Micron DX Stage 1 ries er Systems Sizes	olace to address supplies of air (Section ssed air systems shall be constructed a ation, microbilogy, and humidity (RH% e point of use as is practicable. Point of Use-Contact: 99.999%	nd maintained ) shall be	



4

= Not Specified = Most critical standard

# **GMPs/PRPs for Point-of-Use Compressed Air Filtration**

Point-of-use filtration is the best line of defense against microbial contamination of food in a compressed

### **Best Practices**

### GMP/PRP: System Design Point-of-Use Filtration

Wherever the compressed air comes lin contact with the food – either directly or indirectly - the following 3-stages of filtration will significantly reduce the risk of microbial contamination of the food.



• **Stage 1:** Remove bulk liquid and particulate matter down to 0.01 micron at >= 93% DOP efficiency. Automatic drain in filter.

air system. Even the best of compressor room system filtration does not eliminate harborage sites and biofilm

does not system. and biofilm

- Stage 2: Remove oil and water aerosols and smaller particulate matter down to 0.01 micron at >= 99.99+% DOP efficiency. Automatic drain in filter.
- Stage 3: Remove microbial contamination down to 0.01 micron at >= 99.999% DOP efficiency with a sterile air filter.

#### **SSOP: Maintenance of Filters**

- **Stage 1:** Change filter element every 6-12 months.
- **Stage 2:** Change filter element every 6-12 months.
- Stage 3: Change filter element every 3-6 months – or sooner – as necessary based on point-ofuse air quality test for microbial content. Optional: Steam sterilize stage 3 (provided the filter is designed for CIP sterilization). Follow manufacturer's instructions.

Note: Sterile air filters are designed to capture microbial matter larger than the nominal element rating. Microbial matter will not create a differential in pressure across the element. Therefore, measuring differential pressure across the element will not give an accurate reading of contamination. Air testing and/or regularly scheduled element changes are the best practice.

buildup in the compressed air piping

#### SSOP: Monitor Purity of Compressed Air

As a baseline - test compressed air at each food contact point periodically in accordance with ISO 8573-7:2003 standards. Determine test interval empirically based upon presence of microbial contamination.

## **Common Foodborne Contamination Effectiveness of Parker Balston Filters**

			Balston Filter Element Grade				
				DX	BX	SA	
		Filter Element Rating					
Organism	Microbial Group	Rod Length µm	Rod or Coccus Diameter µm	93 % Efficiency @ .01 micron 1-log reduction	@ .01 micron 4-log	@ .01 micron 6-log	
Campylobacter	Bacteria	0.5	0.2	reduction	reduction	reduction	
Clostridium botulinum (B)	Bacteria	3.0-8.0	0.5-0.8				
Clostridium Perinngens	Bacteria	4.0-8.0	1.0-1.5				
Clostridium tetani	Bacteria	4.0-8.0	0.4-0.6				
Escherichia coli	Bacteria	1.0-3.0	0.5				
Listeria monocytogenes	Bacteria	1.0-1.5	0.4				
Salmonella enteritidis	Bacteria	2.0-3.0	0.6-0.7				
Salmonella enteritidis	Bacteria	2.0-3.0	0.6-0.7				
Salmonella hirschefeldii	Bacteria	1.0-2.5	0.3-0.5				
Salmonella typhimurium	Bacteria	0.5-1.0	1.0-2.0				
Salmonella typhosa	Bacteria	2.0-3.0	0.6-0.7				
Staphylococcus Aureus	Bacteria	Coccus->	0.8-1.0				
Yeast	Fungi		1.0-50.0				
Mold	Fungi		1.5-20.0				
Mycotoxins (by product of mold)	Fungi		0.1				

## See Bulletin:

Parker Balston Validation Studies

...showing the effectiveness of Parker Balston filters in removing submicron particulate and microbial contamination from compressed air.

Useful for food safety scheme audits.

Fully Effective Moderately Effective Minimally Effective



www.balstonfilters.com

www.mfcp.com

## CAMTU Compressed Air Microbial Test Unit

Identify Sources of Contamination in Compressed Air and Improve Food Safety



Compressed air is used in a broad range of applications in the food processing industry, such as mixing of ingredients, cutting, sparging, drying of product, transporting/ propelling product through processing systems and packaging of final product. In many of these applications, compressed air is in direct or indirect contact

with food product. The impurities in the compressed air may contaminate the food product which can result in change of color and taste and reduced shelf life. In addition, exposure to bacteria and other micro-organisms can result in product recalls.

Compressed air is warm, dark and contains moisture which is the ideal environment to promote the growth of microbes. These microbes migrate through the entire compressed air system and are released at exit points; critical areas at which food, packaging or surface areas come into direct contact.

Recently, Safe Quality Foods (SQF) released a 7th edition amendment in sections 10.5.7 and 11.7.5 stating, "compressed air used in the manufacturing process shall be clean and present no risk to food safety." Others have also identified compressed air as a source of contamination and risk to food safety.

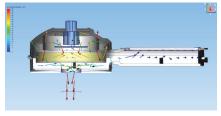


- Lightweight and ergonomically designed for ease of use
- Built in timer with indicator lights
- Constructed of durable polypropylene - easily sanitized
- Pre-filled agar plates with specialized tryptic soy or potato dextrose agar designed to hold up to com-

pressed air flow/pressure

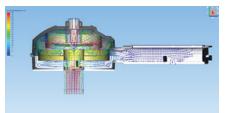
- No electrical supply required
- Quick sampling time -20 seconds
- Complete kit with connection tubing, pressure regulator/metering orifice, shut off valve, timer and agar plates.

## New Custom Designed Agar Plate Provides Enhanced Exposure to the Agar



Flow dynamics original CAMTU

With standard agar plate



Flow dynamics new CAMTU with custom agar plate providing more compressed air exposure over the agar plate



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6

### **CAMTU Compressed Air Microbial Test Unit**

British Compressed Air Society has produced a specification for dewpoint (-40F/C), oil removal <0.01mg/m<sup>3</sup> and particulate removal (including microbiological particles)

0.1-0.5 microns. (Request white paper by Lee Scott, "Reducing Contamination Risks of Compressed Air in Food Plants".)

However, to date, the only devices capable of sampling compressed air systems for microbes are expensive, very cumbersome, require lengthy sampling times and extensive training. Parker Balston recognized the need for an alternative device that is easily transported throughout the food plant and can provide a quick qualitative analysis of compressed air purity requiring very little training.

The Parker Balston CAMTU (compressed air microbial test unit) is easily transported, weighing less than a pound. It comes complete with connection tubing, shut off valve and a specially designed pressure regulator and metering orifice. These matched components provide the exact amount of compressed air exposure for each sampling. The agar plates are filled with specialized tryptic soy agar designed to hold up to compressed air flow and pressure. TSA is used for the cultivation of a wide variety of microorganisms including most bacteria and mold spores.

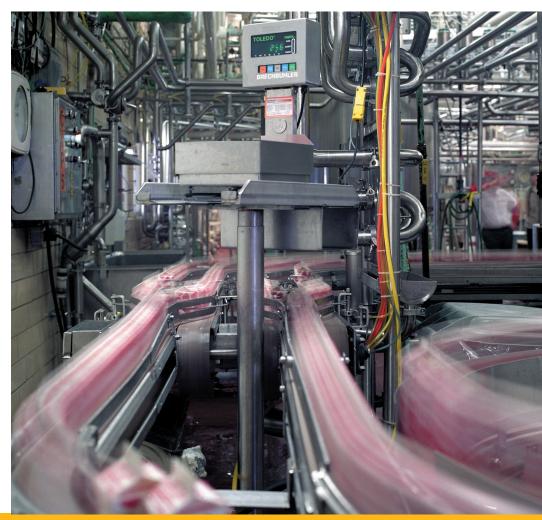
The Parker Balston CAMTU has been validated by Dr. Mclandsborough, head of the Food Science Department of the University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA. (Request white paper by Dr. Mclandsborough "Comparison of the Compressed Air Micro-



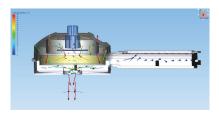
bial Testing Unit (CAMTU) to a standard method of bioaerosol sampling.")

To obtain a sample, simply plug the connection tubing into the sample point on the compressed air system, insert an agar plate into the CAMTU, close the CAM-TU, open the shutoff valve and expose the agar for 20 seconds. After exposure simply place the agar plate in an incubator for 48 hours or in a controlled environment of at least 68°F and observe for colony forming units (CFUs).



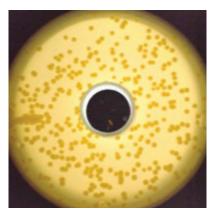


### **Optimum Agar Plate Design!**



Flow dynamics: original CAMTU





Flow dynamics: new CAMTU

Unlike the conventional agar plate, this unique agar plate offers greater dispersion of the compressed air over the agar as a result of an improved air flow path through the center hole in the plate. This provides optimum detection performance and enhanced capture of microbes. This is an ideal device to incorporate into your Good Manufacturing Practices program for monitoring all identified HACCP risk points. For those risk points where microbes were detected, Parker recommends installing Balston 3 stage sterile air systems which will remove oil, water, rust, pipescale and all microbes from the compressed air (Request Bulletin FMB09). The CAMTU can then be used to monitor those filter systems for optimum performance.



8

Sterile Air Filter Systems Balston 6000 Series



## **CAMTU Compressed Air Microbial Test Unit**



CAMTU Sampling System



Complete Kit: C01-0136	
CAMTU Sampling Device	C01-0135
DFU Assembly	P/N TBD
Tubing ¼" OD	A01-0459
Regulator/Metering Assembly	C01-0125
Sanitizing spray bottle	C01-0124
Shut off valve	C01-0126
Agar Plates (5 total) Tryptic Soy	C01-0143
Agar Plates (5 total) PDA	C01-0134
Petri dishes (5 total) Empty	C01-0133
Dimensions	15.63"w x 13.63"h x 6.38"d
	(40cm x 35cm x 16cm)
Shipping Weight	7 lbs. (3.2 kg)

Storage and Carrying Case

Printed in U.S.A. Bulletin CAMTU-B 04/2015



9

# **3-Stage Sterile Air Filter Systems**

Safeguard your food processing operation from the contamination hazards of rust, pipescale, water, oil, and microorganisms. In 3-stage point-of-use filtration systems the first 2 stages are designed to remove contaminants at a very high efficiency - up to 99.99% for 0.01 micron particles and droplets. Liquid releases from the filter cartridges to automatic drains as rapidly as it enters the filter. This allows the filters to continue removing liquids for an unlimited time without loss of efficiency or flow capacity.

The 3rd and final stage of filtration removes all viable organisms with an efficiency rating of 99.9999+% at 0.01 microns.

Filters are available in 1/4" to 1-1/2" port sizes 1 in either 304 stainless steel or aluminum with a durable powder coating designed to hold up to the dirtiest compressed air systems. The stainless steel filters are also compatible with CIP steam cleaning processes.

#### 2000 Series Aluminum Sterile Air Filters



#### Flow Rates

Flow Rates

Filter Housing Model	Port Size	Filter Cartridge Grade		•	// I \		ated line pressure. Refer to Principal mum pressure rating of each housing			
			2 (0.1)	20 (1.4)	40 (2.8)	80 (5.5)	100 (6.9)	125 (8.6)	150 (10)	
3B-2002N-3B1	1/4"	DX	9 (15)	19 (32)	39 (87)	51 (107)	63 (107)	76 (129)	90 (153)	
3B-2003N-3B1	3/8"	BX	3 (5)	8 (14)	11 (36)	21 (42)	25 (42)	31 (53)	36 (61)	
3B-2004N-3B1	1/2"	SA		8 (14)	11 (36)	21 (42)	25 (42)	31 (53)	36 (61)	
3B-2104N-3B1	1/2"	DX	19 (32)	41 (70)	65 (192)	113 (233)	137 (233)	166 (282)	196 (333)	
		BX	9 (15)	19 (32)	30 (87)	51 (107)	63 (107)	76 (129)	90 (153)	
		SA		19 (32)	30 (87)	51 (107)	63 (107)	76 (129)	90 (153)	
3B-2206N-3B1	3/4"	DX	37 (63)	78 (133)	123 (364)	214 (440)	259 (440)	315 (535)	371 (630)	
		BX	10 (17)	21 (36)	34 (95)	56 (119)	70 (119)	85 (144)	101 (172)	
		SA		21 (36)	34 (95)	56 (119)	70 (119)	85 (144)	101 (172)	
3B-2208N-3B1	1"	DX	55 (93)	115 (195)	181 (533)	314 (646)	380 (646)	463 (787)	546 (928)	
		BX	11 (19)	23 (39)	37 (109)	64 (131)	77 (131)	94 (160)	111 (189)	
		SA		23 (39)	37 (109)	64 (131)	77 (131)	94 (160)	111 (189)	
3B-2312N-3B1	1 1/2"	DX	98 (167)	203 (345)	319 (941)	554 (1138)	670 (1138)	816 (1386)	963 (1636)	
		BX	22 (37)	46 (78)	74 (219)	129 (263)	155 (263)	189 (321)	223 (379)	
		SA	16 (27)	33 (56)	52 (155)	91 (187)	110 (187)	134 (228)	158 (223)	

1 For CRN rated assemblies add a "C" to the Model Number. Example: 3B-C2104N-3B1

#### 6000 Series Stainless Steel Sterile Air Filters



Filter Housing Model	Port Size	Filter Cartridge Grade	Flow rates SCFM (Nm³/hr), at 7 psi (0.48 bar) drop at indicated line pressure. Refer to Principa Specification Charts in each product data sheet for maximum pressure rating of each housing PSIG								
			2	20	40	80	100	125	150	200	250
3B-6002N-0A1	1/4"	DX	9 (15)	19 (32)	39 (66)	51 (87)	63 (107)	76 (129)	90 (153)	117 (199)	145 (246)
3B-6904N-0A1	1/2"	BX	3 (5)	8 (14)	11 (19)	21 (36)	25 (42)	31 (53)	36 (61)	47 (80)	58 (99)
		SA		8 (14)	11 (19)	21 (36)	25 (42)	31 (53)	36 (61)		
3B-6004N-0A1	1/2"	DX	19 (32)	41 (70)	65 (110)	113 (192)	137 (233)	166 (282)	196 (333)	257 (437)	316 (537)
		BX	9 (15)	19 (32)	30 (51)	51 (87)	63 (107)	76 (129)	90 (153)	117 (199)	145 (246)
		SA		19 (32)	30 (51)	51 (87)	63 (107)	76 (129)	90 (153)		
3B-6006N-0A1	3/4"	DX	37 (63)	78 (133)	123 (209)	214 (364)	259 (440)	315 (535)	371 (630)	484 (822)	596 (1013)
		BX	10 (17)	21 (36)	34 (58)	56 (95)	70 (119)	85 (144)	101 (172)	131 (223)	162 (275)
		SA		21 (36)	34 (58)	56 (95)	70 (119)	85 (144)	101 (172)		
3B-6008N-0A1	1"	DX	55 (93)	115 (195)	181 (308)	314 (533)	380 (646)	463 (787)	546 (928)	711 (1208)	877 (1490)
		BX	11 (19)	23 (39)	37 (63)	64 (109)	77 (131)	94 (160)	111 (189)	144 (245)	178 (302)
		SA		23 (39)	37 (63)	64 (109)	77 (131)	94 (160)	111 (189)		





11

## **Worldwide Filtration Manufacturing Locations**

#### **North America**

#### **Compressed Air Treatment**

Industrial Gas Filtration and Generation Division Lancaster, NY 716 686 6400 www.parker.com/igfg

Haverhill, MA 978 858 0505 www.parker.com/igfg

#### **Engine Filtration**

Racor Modesto, CA 209 521 7860 www.parker.com/racor

Holly Springs, MS 662 252 2656 www.parker.com/racor

#### **Hydraulic Filtration**

Hydraulic & Fuel Filtration Metamora, OH 419 644 4311 www.parker.com/hydraulicfilter

Laval, QC Canada 450 629 9594 www.parkerfarr.com

Velcon Colorado Springs, CO 719 531 5855 www.velcon.com

#### **Process Filtration**

domnick hunter Process Filtration SciLog Oxnard, CA 805 604 3400 www.parker.com/processfiltration

#### **Water Purification**

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Urjala, Finland +358 20 753 2500

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#### **Asia Pacific**

Australia Castle Hill, Australia +61 2 9634 7777 www.parker.com/australia

China Shanghai, China +86 21 5031 2525 www.parker.com/china

India Chennai, India +91 22 4391 0700 www.parker.com/india

Parker Fowler Bangalore, India +91 80 2783 6794 www.johnfowlerindia.com

**Japan** Tokyo, Japan +81 45 870 1522 www.parker.com/japan

Korea Hwaseon-City +82 31 359 0852 www.parker.com/korea

Singapore Jurong Town, Singapore +65 6887 6300 www.parker.com/singapore

Thailand Bangkok, Thailand +66 2186 7000 www.parker.com/thailand

#### Latin America Parker Comercio Ltda.

Filtration Division Sao Paulo, Brazil +55 12 4009 3500 www.parker.com/br

Pan American Division Miami, FL 305 470 8800 www.parker.com/panam

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